

Antigneous TECHNICAL Instruction Manual

EEPROM Version: 1.1

IMPORTANT:

Make sure you are up to date. Check the firmware version on your panel. [menu>settings>panel>about]

Should I be reading this?

This is the **technical** instruction manual for the operation of the Antigneous fire alarm control panel (FACP). This manual will go very in-depth. If you just want the regular instructions, please read the non-technical instruction manual.

Disclaimer!

Antigneous is **not** officially approved for use as a fire alarm system. Although the creator has done everything they can to make sure the panel will work with zero issues, this cannot be guaranteed without extensive testing by official parties. If you do not accept the inherent risk of using a non-approved fire alarm system. DO NOT USE THIS.

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The Brains of Antigneous

Antigneous runs off of an ESP-32 Dev Kit V1. This board offers many features that are not present on other boards. This board even includes built in WiFi, which may be used in the future. Since Antigneous is programmed onto an ESP32, it is programmed in Arduino C++.

Antigneous Pinout		
Zone 1	15	
Zone 2	39	
Horn Relay	13	
Strobe Relay	18	
Smoke Relay	14	
Panel Buzzer	4	
Ready LED	27	
Silence LED	26	
Alarm LED	25	
Key Switch	33	
Reset Button	32	
Silence Button	35	
Drill Button	34	
SCL (LCD)	22	
SDA (LCD)	21	

External Libraries:

LiquidCrystal IC2 by johnrickman

EOL Resistors

Antigneous is able to detect ground faults through the use of end-of-line (EOL) resistors. EOL resistors are placed at the end of an activating device chain (i.e. pull station \rightarrow pull station \rightarrow smoke detector \rightarrow pull station, or really any combination of activating devices) and allows for the detection of a line break within the system. This guarantees that the panel will detect if a device is no longer electrically able to close the activation circuit. This allows the panel to detect a broken wire or disconnected device and throw a trouble code. By extension, this means that the panel will always be able to read the device state, assuming no trouble codes are being ignored.

The panel does the following routine for checking for ground faults:

- 1. When the zone 1 pin or zone 2 pin registers as a 4095, the panel increments a variable to keep track of subsequent readings of 4095.
- 2. If something other than 4095 is read, the panel resets this variable to 0.

3. If this variable reaches 10 or above, the panel displays a trouble code, turns on a buzzer, and pulses the ready LED, which the user can silence by pressing the silence button, assuming the panel is not in alarm.

EEPROM

Antigneous makes use of the ESP-32 Dev Kit V1's EEPROM to store user settings.

Antigneous EEPROM Addresses and Values			
Memory Address	Data Contained	Default Value	Possible Values
1-6	The string "Lexzach" to verify that this EEPROM was written by any version Antigneous FACP.	76, 101, 120, 122, 97, 99, 104	NA
7	Coding for NACs	0 (Code 3)	0 (Code 3) 1 (Marchtime) 2 (Code 4-4) 3 (Continuous) 4 (California Code) 5 (Slow Marchtime)
8	Key switch requirement	0 (No key required)	0 (No key required) 1 (Key required)
9	Verification	1 (Verification enabled)	0 (Verification disabled) 1 (Verification enabled)
10	Verification time	25 (2.5 seconds)	1-255 (n*10 = Verification time in MS)
11-26	Panel name	65, 78, 84, 73, 71, 78, 69, 79, 85, 83, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32 (ANTIGNEOUS followed by 6 blank characters)	0,32,45,46,47,48,49,50,51,52,53, 54,55,56,57,65,66,67,68,69,70,71 ,72,73,74,75,76,77,78,79,80,81,8 2,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,90 for each address
27	Keyless Silence	0 (Key is required for silence, assuming keyswitch security is enabled)	0 (Keyless silence disabled) 1 (Keyless silence enabled)
50	EEPROM version	NA	0-255
51	EEPROM build	NA	0-255
72 DEPRECATED	EOL resistor lenience	125 (500)	0-255 (n*4 = usable resistor lenience)

73	EOL resistor enabled	1 (EOLR enabled)	0 (EOL resistor disabled) 1 (EOL resistor enabled)
74	Pre-alarm	0 (Pre-alarm disabled)	0 (Pre-alarm disabled) 1 (Pre-alarm enabled)
75	Pre-alarm first-stage time	1 (1 minute first-stage)	1-255 (Minutes for first-stage)
76	Smoke detector pre-alarm	0 (Smoke detector pre- alarm disabled)	0 (Smoke detector pre-alarm disabled) 1 (Smoke detector pre-alarm enabled)
77	Smoke detector timeoutLCD Display	5 (Smoke detector timeout is 5 minutes)	0-255 (Smoke detector timeout in minutes)
78	Homescreen	0 (Panel name)	0 (not currently used)
79	Audible silence	1 (Audible silence enabled)	0 (Audible silence disabled) 1 (Audible silence enabled)
80	LCD timeout	0 (LCD timeout disabled)	0-255 (n*15000 = LCD timeout in MS)

EEPROM Integrity Verification

On boot, Antigneous verifies the integrity of the EEPROM by checking the values of several memory addresses for invalid values. If any of the values are not as expected, Antigneous will display ERROR 1 and will prompt the user to check the manual. If the user presses the reset button, the panel will reset, if the user has not fixed the issue before pressing the reset button, the panel will most likely fail the validity check again. If the user presses the drill button, the panel will reset the EEPROM to factory defaults and perform a warm restart.

Antigneous EEPROM validity check routine		
Memory Address	Expected Value	
0	76	
6	104	
7	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	
8	0, 1	
50	Current EEPROM version	
51	Current EEPROM build	

EEPROM Factory Reset Methods

In the case that the panel is inoperable, or the user wants to reset the panel to factory settings, Antigneous has multiple methods of resetting the EEPROM to a factory state.

Methods of resetting the Antigneous EEPROM

Holding down the **silence**, **reset**, and **drill** buttons during startup. This will prompt the user to continue holding down the buttons if they intend to perform a factory reset. The panel will wait 5 seconds after prompting the user, and if the user continues to hold down the buttons through the 5 seconds, the EEPROM will be reset. To prevent a state where the panel cannot be reset, either through a fault that prevents the panel from booting, or the key lock being toggled on without a key switch, resulting in a panel that would otherwise need to be re-flashed; Antigneous will not take the key switch into consideration when using this method to restore the EEPROM. The code for resetting the EEPROM via the buttons on startup is one of the first chunks of code executed on startup. Everything before it is code to setup pins and startup the serial monitor. This means that the three button EEPROM reset should be able to reset a panel no matter what state it is in.

Navigating to **Settings** > **Panel** > **Factory Reset** within the menu allows the user to reset the EEPROM from a running panel. Once the user confirms they wish to reset the EEPROM, the panel performs a factory reset routine and then warm reboots.

If the panel fails to verify the integrity of the EEPROM, the panel will display ERROR 1. Once displayed, the user can press the **drill button** to reset the panel to factory settings and then warm reboot.

Activating Device Check Routine

Antigneous polls activating devices with a 1 millisecond delay. If the value returned from checking the zone 1 and zone 2 pins is a 0, the panel knows that there is a short in the activating device loop, and thus an activated device. The routine the panel performs is listed below, although, the panel will skip this routine if verification is turned off.

Note: The ESP32 Dev Kit V1 reads voltage across a pin as a value between 0 and 4095. But this **does not** correlate with voltage.

Antigneous Zone Values		
Reading Across Zone 1 or Zone 2	Meaning	
0	Activated Device	

4095	Ground fault / missing EOL
1-4094	Normal

The panel does the following routine for verification:

- 1. When a 0 is read on the zone 1 pin or zone 2 pin, the panel waits for the amount of time set by the user for verification.
- 2. When the panel is done waiting, it checks the zone 1 pin and zone 2 pin again.
- 3. If zone 1 or zone 2 is still 0, the panel activates the NACs.

Note: If the user has verification turned off, the panel will activate the NACs after it reads a 0 on the zone 1 pin or zone 2 pin.

LCD Display

The LCD display is the main interface for interacting with the panel. From changing settings to displaying error codes, the LCD is truly an important part of the panel. Although, if you *really* had no other option, the panel *can* operate with limited functionality without the LCD display.

LCD Display Menu Pages			
Internal Page ID	Page Directory	Page Contents	
0	Main	Testing Settings	
1	Main > Testing	Walk Test Silent Wlk Test (Silent Walk Test) Strobe Test	
2	Main > Settings	Fire Alarm Panel	
3	Main > Settings > Fire Alarm	Coding Verification Pre-Alarm Audible Sil.: (Audible Silence) Keyless Sil.: (Keyless Silence)	
4	Main > Settings > Fire Alarm > Verification	Verification: V.Time: (Verification Time)	
5	Main > Settings > Fire Alarm > Coding	Temporal Three	

		Marchtime 4-4 Continuous California Slow Marchtime
6	Main > Settings > Fire Alarm > Pre-Alarm	Pre-Alarm: Stage 1: Detector PreAlrm (Detector Pre-Alarm)
7	Main > Settings > Fire Alarm > Pre-Alarm > Detector PreAlrm	Det. PreAlrm: (Detector Pre-Alarm) Det. 1st State: (Detector 1st Stage) Det. Timeout: (Detector Timeout)
8	Main > Settings > Panel	Panel Name Panel Security LCD Dim: Factory Reset About
9	Main > Settings > Panel > Panel Security	None Keyswitch
10	Main > Settings > Panel > Panel Name	Enter Name: [name]
11	[REMOVED]	[REMOVED]
12	Main > Settings > Panel > About	Antigneous FACP Firmware: [firmware version] by Lexzach

LCD Display Status Messages			
Internal Screen ID	Screen Meaning	Screen Contents	
0	System is normal, no troubles or alarms are happening.	System Normal [panel name]	
1	System is in trouble.	* Trouble * [trouble reason]	
2	[unused]	[unused]	
3	System is in alarm.	* FIRE ALARM * [zone]	
4	System is silenced.	SILENCED [zone]	
5	System is in supervisory.	* Supervisory * [supervisory reason]	

		CONTINUE HOLDING TO START DRILL
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